

TARIFF PICTURES.
For every box of tin plate made in this country, the shearer receives 5 cents. His British competitor has to be content with 3 1/2

cents. The difference in wages prevails throughout the various grades of work in the plate manufacture. How can we compete with Wales in this industry without Protection?

—New York Press.

BLIGHTED.

Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.—Grover's clover died before it could be harvested.

N'OLYN'S THEORY.

Chicago Dispatch.—Hell is a state.—Rev. Father McGlyn, Kansas, probably.

MIXED.

Baltimore American.—Read Senator Vorhees speech! It is interesting. It is the most curious mixture of orthodoxy and heterodoxy we have run across in a year of Sundays.

TO WARM POOLS.

Kansas City Journal.—"Why do you always sound that going as you pass another car?" the motorman was asked. "To try to warn folks who haven't any better sense than to jump off the wrong side of a car backwards or with closed eyes," he replied.

A WESTERN INTERPRETATION.

Kansas City Journal.—"What does Mr. Whitney mean when he speaks of the lower classes?" inquires an Eastern exchange. Perhaps he means the large and increasing part of the population who have been cast down by the loss of employment under Democratic rule.

A STAR FOR A STAR.

Cleveland Leader.—A diamond weighing about half a pound has been brought to London from a South African mine, and one more record has been broken. Who shall say, with this enormous stone in existence, that the modern stage offers no rewards worthy of an actor's highest endeavor?

BUT IT PROBABLY WON'T BE AT PRESENT.

Chicago Standard.—The narrowest part of the Strait of Florida, through which the Gulf Stream flows at the rate of fifty knots in an hour, is fifty miles wide and has a mean depth of 535 fathoms. In this were stopped up the climate of this country in winter would be totally changed.

A RICK FROM THE ORANGE BRIDES.

New York Tribune.—"What does the Democratic party stand for?" it is asked. The yellow metal President on a white metal platform, and now Congress is asked to tear the two apart. It is evidently of no use to expect anything of a man because he is elected by the Democratic party. By position, he must say it, it is indefinite. We can predicate about as much of a Democratic Legislature as we can of a petty jury or a fast year's bird nest. What is wanted in this juncture is a prophet to tell just what Democracy is, apart from the offices and the exuberant profession that is perquisite to get them.

CAIR NEEDS GREAT SPEECH.

Commercial Gazette.—Mr. Reed exploded, most effectively, that long continued argument of the silver extremists, that the act of 1873, which we are told, demonetized silver, was passed by a trick. He referred to *The Congressional Globe* and showed that the index to the speeches made on that question in the House occupied three columns of the paper. Now we submit that the measure, passed after such elaborate discussion, could not have been the result of a trick; that favorite of the silver men should have worn itself out long ago. But sometimes such a misrepresentation has a lasting quality.

A BLOW AT AMERICAN LABOR.

New York Press.—It will be eighteen months or two years before the Cleveland-Wilson tariff bill, to be prepared at some "quiet seashore retreat," can go into effect, and in the meantime the Administration will incidentally break down any industry, or part of any industry, that it can. It has just given a blow to the pearl button industry as established, by ruling that imported pearl button blanks, not drilled, shall be assessed at 40 per cent. ad valorem, which is a large reduction from the present rate.

The McKinley Law gave pearl buttons a specific duty for the protection of the American button industry, and admitted to the free list simply the crude pearl shells that we do not find in the United States. The whole process of making pearl buttons is about 96 per cent. labor, and nearly all hand labor at that; but very little remains to be done by American labor after these button blanks, the product of cheap labor in Bolema, are admitted at an ad valorem rate. Till the Wilson bill is ready, Mr. Cleveland will kindly permit American labor to drill the holes.

THE PUBLISHED DAILY MAYSVILLE NEWS-REPUBLICAN.

SECOND YEAR.

MAYSVILLE, KY., THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1893.

ONE CENT.



IF you have a friend visiting you, or are going away on a trip, send your card to this office.

Miss Anna and Josie Coughlin are visiting friends at Lexington.

Miss Little Weiland is visiting her cousin, Miss Alice Lin at Ripley.

Miss Maggie McClanahan left this morning to attend the Ripley Fair.

Miss Lillian Schatzman and Anna Britton left this morning for Tilton.

Miss Marnett Well is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Davis.

Miss Ida Bloom is visiting her cousin, Miss Ada and Flora Bloom at Ripley.

Ed. Jones of Australia is visiting his friends, Mr. and Mrs. James Austin of Forest avenue.

Henry Ray has returned to Richmond after a week's visit to his mother, Mrs. Fannie Ray.

Miss Nellie Fay of Maryland returned home after a pleasant visit to relatives in this city.

Miss Julia Ryan of this city returned home after a pleasant visit to her sister at Versailles.

George W. Childs, Harry T. Haulman, George P. Eitel and G. W. Rogers went to Ripley this morning to attend the fair.

Miss Julia Brand and Miss Mary E. Wallace of Fern Vale are visiting the family of James Wallace of 301 Commercial street.

Miss Lillian Coughlin of Germantown and Miss Lillian Coughlin of Augusta have returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. George N. Bowman, after a week's visit to friends and relatives in this city and vicinity, returned to their home in Newport yesterday.

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The fall meeting of Latona opens next Saturday.

DOLLEY & HALDWIN, Fire Insurance.

Office, on Court street.

Miss M. S. DIMMITT entertained last evening with a card party.

MAT KELLY, who was stabbed by John Webb at Lexington, died of his injuries.

Don't fail to attend the West End Opera to-morrow night. Admission 5 and 10 cents.

There are five hundred applicants for positions in the revenue service at Madison county.

LEN CLEMENTS is under arrest at Henderson for the seduction of Miss May Gerard, 15 years old.

Miss FRANCES CAKE will receive pupils in piano study after September 1st. West Second street.

Six persons were tried for larceny at Richmond week, four of whom were adjudged guilty.

The Ninth Annual Reunion of the Northeast Kentucky Veterans Association met at Ashland yesterday.

Mrs. GEORGE T. MOORE of Georgetown fell from a street car in Washington City and received severe injuries.

JOHN JOHNSON, a negro of Sharpburg, was arrested for following white ladies and annoying them with his attentions.

When beyond the reach of doctors and druggists, a box of Ayer's Pills in your pocket may prove a Godsend. Remember this.

The Fourth Quarterly Conference at Mt. Carmel will meet next Saturday and Sunday. The Presiding Elder will be present.

There will be no difficulty in disposing of the output of the chair factory which is to be established at the Frankfort Penitentiary.

The C. and O. will have extra coaches attached to train No. 77 August 31st and September 1st in order to accommodate passengers for the Ripley Fair.

The L. and N. will sell round trip tickets from Mayville to Paris September 25th to 9th inclusive, good returning September 11th, amount Burlington County Fair, for \$2.

MAJOR S. P. GROSS, the proprietor of the Kentucky restaurant at the World's Fair, had his nose broken by a negro tough, who had been refused the entrance to the dining hall.

WILLIAM B. DAVIS, a wealthy citizen of Marshall county, committed suicide, aged 55. He brooded over a judgment of \$50000 against him on a breach of marriage promise.

MISS JENNIE WOOD has this evening given a card party in honor of Misses Helen Floyd and Fannie Herndon of Louisville, who were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Dimmitt.

W. A. CONKLEY, an enterprising merchant of Portsmouth, has arranged with the C. and O. for a special car from that city to Chicago next Monday for the benefit of his customers.

On account of the Ripley, O., Fair the C. and O. will sell round trip tickets to Ripley at 5 cents on August 25th, 26th, 30th, 31st and September 1st. Good returning September 3rd.

PAUL GOETS, who was some two years ago employed as a clerk at Eitel Bros. and Co., attempted to commit suicide at Louisville Tuesday night by stabbing himself in the side with a butcher knife.

BEAULIE RAINIER, employed as a snake-charmer with Wolf's show at the fair grounds, Lexington, was bitten by a rattlesnake in the palm of the hand. He is suffering great pain from the bite.

MISS MARIE PRESCOTT, wife of R. D. McLean, both well known theatricals, died in New York Monday night. From the effects of an operation for tumor. She was born near Millersburg, and McLean was her third husband.

Our place on sale \$3 dozen of all the leading styles in soft hats. You can have the selection of any hat in the house at one third of regular price. Must bring Market street.

STERLING Silver Spoons and Forks, Rogers' Brothers' Knives and Forks, at great reduction; also the largest stock of Gold Watches in the city and at prices never before offered. J. J. McHenry, the Jeweler, Successor to Hepper & Murphy.

The prospects of early navigation are now better than they have been for some time and rivers are greatly improved. There has been considerable work at hand, the Allegheny and Monongahela both rising. It is expected that by Saturday there will be sufficient water run light barges of coal. There are about 20,000,000 bushels loaded ready to shove out as soon as there is water enough. Since the construction of the C. and O. there has been no fear of a coal famine, but where it is furnished by water as well as by rail it is given to the consumers at a much lower price.

KENTUCKY has a National reputation for cutting and shooting snakes and family feuds. Day by day they are becoming more numerous and a notorious disgrace to the grand old commonwealth. At places plentiful, camp-meetings, in fact, at almost every place, there is a snake show. It is a very tough element, which usually utilizes upon well-behaved and law-abiding citizens and the law is too feeble to keep them in check. Severe punishment seems to have no effect in the way of reformation, and if affairs continue as they are it will not be long until Kentucky will have to use two more penitentiaries.

NASHVILLE, TENN., March 31, 1893. The *Shelby Medical College*, Nashville, Tenn.—*Graduation.* It gives me exceeding pleasure to speak of the Antislavery cause. I consider it something wonderful in the way of medicine. My old servant Albert, who is 72 years old, was very sick with pneumonia, complicated with heart trouble and dropsy. I called in my family physician and gave him every attention, but the doctor failed to cure him. I then turned to the college and performed a most intricate for others. It was given in regular doses every three hours and the fever began to decrease from the first dose, and a decided improvement was noticed the first day. In three days he was sitting up and in a week he was back at his work as usual, and is regaining his strength very fast. I consider it a most wonderful medicine. I have used it several times before. FRANK BEAUMONT, No. 5 West 1st St.

For sale by Power & Reynolds, druggists.

Kentucky Fairs. Below is a partial list of the fairs to be held in Kentucky this year: Lexington, August 25th—5 days. Louisville, August 25th—5 days. Williamsburg, August 31st—4 days. Winchester, September 1st—4 days. Winchester, September 1st—4 days. Winchester, September 1st—4 days. Glasgow, September 27th—4 days. Germantown, October 11th—4 days.

Good Housewife will clean her house every spring, and it is just as necessary to clean the system thoroughly if you expect good health during the summer months. Take Stockton's Antiseptic. It is just what you want. For sale by Power & Reynolds, Druggists.

World's Fair Train. At 9 A. M. O. and N. Y. leaving Huntington at 9:40 A. M., reaching Cincinnati at 12:30, noon, makes direct connection for Chicago, reaching the World's Fair City before 10 P. M.

These trains are guaranteed to be secure, comfortable seats and avoiding expense of Pullman sleeping.

For one who has taken this train it is delighted with it, as it reaches Chicago at a good hotel, and one can start to the World's Fair early the next morning, refreshed by a good night's sleep.

THE CONVENTION of the Sunday-Schools of the State Held at Ashland Recently.

The Twenty-eighth Annual Sunday-School Convention of Kentucky was held in the city of Ashland on the 25th of this month. This convention being wholly inter-denominational, it brought together representative Sunday-school workers from all the leading denominations of the state. All parts of the state were represented. The results of the convention were largely attained, and one of the best programs that has been presented in the history of the convention was considered.

Professor M. M. Hamill of Illinois, the speaker from abroad. His address on improved methods in Sunday-school work elicited great interest. "Faithful labor," one of the justly noted leaders of today in many work, had a place on the program. Many other excellent papers and addresses presented by the best known ministers and laymen of Kentucky might be appropriately mentioned but need not be limited to this brief review. The talented results of the past year's work furnish many interesting and encouraging facts. One of these facts presented by the speaker was that the continued and persistent effort to effect an inter-denominational organization and to hold a convention of the Sunday-schools of the state has been crowned with success. In this particular, respect Kentucky stands in the front rank of the nation.

It is also worthy of the accolade of normal work, which is simply an effort to promote better methods of study and teaching, in being carried out heartily by many parts of the state. Along with this much improved in the management and general work of the Sunday-schools was presented. Those who have been most interested in promoting this work have great reason to believe that an era of wonderful progress is just commencing.

This Sunday-school work in Kentucky has not attained to the fulness of its possibilities. It is on one of the most efficient of the schools in those counties it is confidently believed that great growth in the Sunday-school work of the state is the near future.

The officers of the Kentucky Sunday-School Union for the ensuing year are: President—W. M. R. Butler, Louisville. Secretary—W. M. R. Butler, Louisville. Treasurer—J. M. R. Butler, Louisville. Chairman Executive Committee—J. J. A. McKim, Louisville.

A Valuable Remedy. KELLEY'S BLAND CURE, N. C. (Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy) has been used in three doses. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, 25 cents. This medicine is so well known here to need any recommendation. It is sold at all drug stores.

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GRAND CHEAP EXCURSION To Woodstock Island Sunday, September 3rd, 1893.

On account of the celebrated Woodstock Island excursion a special train will leave Mayville at 8:00 A. M., arriving at Woodstock Island at 10:00 A. M. Round trip only \$1.00. Don't fail to take advantage of the low rates.

For further information see small bills or nearest Station Agent.

The appointment of Colonel Shelby has been sent to the Senate for confirmation.

PROFESSOR CARNEY will be in the city September 8th to engage a class in book-keeping. Course \$10. No extra charge.

JOSEPH GINN delivered a temperance lecture at the M. E. Church last evening to a fair crowd who were very attentive listeners. The subject was well handled.

STELLA, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Nash of Market street, who has been sick for ten days with malarial fever, is now recovering.

REV. R. G. PATRICK, having returned from his vacation, will conduct prayer-meeting tonight at the First Baptist Church at the usual hour. The Sunday services will be held as usual, commencing Sunday.

RAILROAD tickets to any point at the lowest possible rates. Baggage checked through if you expect good health during the summer months. Take Stockton's Antiseptic. It is just what you want. For sale by Power & Reynolds, Druggists.

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JOHN H. DYKE, 67, and Miss Maggie Hortense, 19, of Huntington, eloped and married.

JAMES HOWARD of Lawrenceburg, charged with murder, was given a life sentence.

ALBERT THOMPSON of Lancaster was given one year in the penitentiary for stealing a yoke of oxen.

A SALOON KEEPER of Augusta, whose name could not be learned, was arrested and arrested had a jury trial, having been charged with having set fire to the livery stable of Watson & Tumpsey, which burned a yoke of oxen.

SINCE Commissioner Lochren made his ruling concerning the late pension act the Kentucky Pension Agent has been notified of the act by the Pension Agent. Mr. Watson receives many letters each year from pensioners inquiring why their checks for the past quarter have not been sent them. The matter is explained to the wondering pensioners.

WEEKLY CROP BULLETIN.

Condition of Small Crops Throughout Kentucky to Date.

The reports received this week are of the same general tone as those made for the past month or more. Dry weather, and with moderately cool nights have been the characteristic features. Many parts of the state received rain on Sunday and Monday, but the crops are in much better condition than they were a few days ago.

More frequent in the Western and Central portions of the state. Many correspondents report that the crops are in much better condition than they were a few days ago. The amount received appears to be somewhat better in the Western counties than in other sections of the state. Corn has probably suffered more severely from the drought than any other crop. The reports relative to its condition are discouraging without exception. Estimates of various correspondents representing all sections of the state indicate that it will be out from under the drought in a few days. The wheat crop, which has been favored with the local rains of the past month, is in much better condition than it was a few days ago. The chief danger seems to be confined to the early planted portion of the crop. The wheat crop is in much better condition than it was a few days ago. The chief danger seems to be confined to the early planted portion of the crop. The wheat crop is in much better condition than it was a few days ago. The chief danger seems to be confined to the early planted portion of the crop.

While reports indicate that tobacco is holding its own against the drought better than other crops, it is also true that the tobacco crop is in much better condition than it was a few days ago. The reports relative to its condition are discouraging without exception. Estimates of various correspondents representing all sections of the state indicate that it will be out from under the drought in a few days. The wheat crop, which has been favored with the local rains of the past month, is in much better condition than it was a few days ago. The chief danger seems to be confined to the early planted portion of the crop. The wheat crop is in much better condition than it was a few days ago. The chief danger seems to be confined to the early planted portion of the crop.

Fall plowing for grain is being seriously retarded by the drought, as the dry, hard soil renders this work impracticable.

Pastures are very short in all parts of the state, and the condition of live stock is consequently very poor. The reports relative to its condition are discouraging without exception. Estimates of various correspondents representing all sections of the state indicate that it will be out from under the drought in a few days. The wheat crop, which has been favored with the local rains of the past month, is in much better condition than it was a few days ago. The chief danger seems to be confined to the early planted portion of the crop. The wheat crop is in much better condition than it was a few days ago. The chief danger seems to be confined to the early planted portion of the crop.

Good rains of sufficient duration to thoroughly saturate the soil are the most favorable conditions will not restore them.

Sixth Ward Readers.

Harry Graham is no longer connected with THE LEADER and has no authority whatever to collect for subscriptions. Isaac Hays will hereafter deliver the paper and is authorized to make all collections.

Take Good Care of the Children. POSTOFFICE, BURLINGTON COUNTY, N. J. July 1st, 1893. To the Parents of the Children of the Postoffice, Burlington County, N. J. It is taken with every symptom of cholera, cholera, and diarrhea. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, 25 cents. This medicine is so well known here to need any recommendation. It is sold at all drug stores.

For sale by Power & Reynolds, druggists.

FIVE THIRDS A DAY.

Big Four Route to Chicago—Look at the Time-Card.

At 11 A. M. 12:30 P. M. 3:30 P. M. 5:30 P. M. 7:30 P. M. 9:30 P. M. 11:30 P. M. 1:30 A. M. 3:30 A. M. 5:30 A. M. 7:30 A. M. 9:30 A.

Public Ledger

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY, BY
THE PUBLIC LEDGER CO.
INCORPORATED.

WILLIAM H. COX, President.
THOMAS A. DAVIS, President.
WILLIAM H. COX, Secretary and Treasurer.
THOMAS A. DAVIS, Editor and Manager.
J. J. BROWN, Second Editor and Bookkeeper.

OFFICE: Public Ledger Building, No. 18 East Third Street.
SUBSCRIPTIONS IN ADVANCE
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TO ADVERTISEES.
Advertising rates uniform and reasonable and made known on application at the office.

THE LEDGER... is the largest daily paper printed in Mayville... it gives you more reading matter than any other.

It is sold at the same price as any other Mayville paper... one cent a copy or 25 cents a week delivered by carrier.

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for 31 cents per square yard. In that year a duty was levied, and it sold for 18 cents in 1871, 11 cents in 1883, and 7 cents in 1892.

The McKinley Tariff increased the duty on carpets, carpets which sold for \$1.50 in 1893, in 1892 sold for \$1.20. A Brussels carpet which sold for \$1.20 now sells for \$1.02. There has been an equally great reduction in all grades.

Pig iron at the close of the Free-trade period, 1890, sold for \$22.75 per ton. In 1891 it sold for \$17.12 and in 1892, like-wise, sold for \$13.93 per ton. In 1893, it sold for \$16 in 1891.

Cotton prints at 61 cents in 1890 were quoted at 52 in 1892.

Gingham at 81 cents in 1890 were quoted at 65 cents in 1892.

Cotton flannels at 15 cents in 1890 were quoted at 14 cents in 1892.

These are but a few of the many examples which might be given. In fact there has not been an article, the manufacture of which was possible in this country and upon which a protective duty has been levied, which has not been greatly cheapened, yet it is such legislation that our Free-trade friends consider as unconstitutional, a robbery, and a burden on the poor for the benefit of the rich.

It is the tariffing man will be relieved of the "burden" of the "robber tariff."

OLD-TIME RIVER TRADE.

Everybody Used to Depend Wholly on Steamboat Transportation.

One of the most difficult problems the old citizen can be asked to solve is the present position of the river to ward the commerce of the city.

A quarter of a century ago, when the river was in its prime, it was everything. It was both the feeding and distributing artery. People engaged in building, located for years, and prospered only near its waters.

Advised that business would soon be going west they could only respond by the question "Do you mean to go?"

It is going to move? Created centers of trade were just beginning to receive attention, due to the rivalry of other cities, which were the most prosperous with a natural highway. The possession of this nature-given avenue of commerce had, in fact, made the average St. Louisian neglectful and disdainful of the crested eagle.

Life that did not begin and end on the river was not worth talking about. The man who wanted to go to Cairo, Vicksburg or New Orleans never thought of rail. The palatial river steamboat was the accepted means of travel. People going west, at one time took a river steamer to Alton.

The levee front was the scene of nineteenth-century life and activity of the city. The "runner" was the most persistent and irrefragable of his class. He "ran" for the steamer as well as the hotel. He would almost kidnap a person to get him to his steamer or his hotel. The latter-day cabman is nothing to be compared to him. And so with the merchant who had a pound or a ton of freight to ship. It was by river—by boat or barge. Those were great days for St. Louis. Rail-roading was undeveloped in the west and southwest and northwest and twenty-one states and territories were reached by water.

PLUCK OF AN OPERA SINGER.

How Robin Hood Broke His Collar Bone. But Finished the Performance.

Fifty years ago European audiences lined with great admiration a Dublin, a tenor of whom it was said that, though he himself could not act, he made his voice act for him, says a writer in the Philadelphia Press. The intensity of expression he gave to his voice, the judicious use of the tremolo, and the management of light and shade, made a brilliant and beautiful but his best vocal feat consisted in taking the bass of the upper stage without preparation, thus retaining it for a long time, and then letting it drop perceptibly to a lower note. The audience were always on the edge of danger. On one occasion he was repeating this vocal feat, and being a second time encircled, found himself unable to produce the expected note. Determined not to fail, he gathered up his vocal strength and made a supreme effort. The note came with its wonted power, brilliancy and duration, but at the cost of a broken collar bone. The surgeon examined the singer and found that the tension of the lungs had been too powerful for the strength of his collar bone. Two months' rest would be required to reunite the clavicle, and this the singer declared to be impossible, as he had to sing in several days of a long engagement.

"Can I sing at all with a broken collar bone?" he asked.

Dr. John C. Kilgour,

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DENTIST

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When Having Teeth Extracted take Care. Absolute Painless and Safe.

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FOR SALE.

The Best Varieties!

Ready, best of 31 varieties according to Ohio Experimental Station and First Premium at Mayville, Pa. 21. Early Red Clover, Pure and Rust-free. All recommended and pure at prices to suit the land. Seedlings free on all orders of five bushels or more. Pure bred Poland China Hogs of the best strain for sale. Correspondence solicited. Address: H. C. WATERS, Concord, Ky.

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Oysters and Fish
IN SEASON.

ALL FLAVORS OF...
CREAMS AND ICES

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Orders Solicited and...
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GOOD OLD DEMOCRATIC BIBLE!
6x9 inches when closed, 30 pages, two inches thick.

PRICE \$2 CASH.
MONEY TALKS.

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This institution has a high reputation for its many advantages and thorough education of its young ladies. The Manual Department is under the direction of a graduate of the University of Maryland. German and Russian systems are taught by the Visitation Method. Free terms of instruction. Apply to MRS. J. T. KACKLEY, MAYVILLE, KY.

THE TARIFF.

The Work of Framing a Bill to Be Commenced.

Almost Free Trade Will Be the Wilson Measure When Introduced.

The Programme to Be Followed in Arranging the Various Sections Will Be the Wilson Measure.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The ways and means committee has decided that it will not return for the present at least to the methods of the committee that framed the Mills bill in the Fifty-sixth Congress. They have decided that they will permit representatives of the great interests about which they will legislate to appear before them and submit statements for their consideration.

On Monday next the representatives of the iron and steel industries will appear before the committee, and from that time until the 15th of September daily sessions will be held.

Mr. Rynum, a member of the present ways and means committee, and who helped to frame the Mills bill, said to your correspondent Wednesday that after the hearings were closed the committee would proceed with the utmost expedition. He said that the new tariff bill would probably be ready for report to the house by October 1st.

It is evident that the house leaders have abandoned the proposed effort to adjourn, now that the Wilson repeal bill has gone to the senate. They concede that the country is anxious to know what it has to expect in the way of tariff legislation, and now that the tariff bill has passed the house they admit that this uncertainty is a strong factor of the present unsettled financial condition of the country.

It is for the purpose of diffusing information relative to the tariff bill which the committee will report that even the older members of the committee are disposed to be communicative. It can be stated on the best authority the Wilson tariff bill will be a great stride forward in the direction of free trade.

To quote the language of one of the members of the committee Wednesday: "When people see this new Wilson tariff bill they will believe that the Mills bill was a protection measure. The programme to be followed in arranging the various schedules of the new bill will be completely changed when the Mills bill was framed. To every democratic member of the committee for it must be understood that after the Mills bill is passed, the republican members of the committee will not be invited to participate in the meetings of the committee. The new tariff bill (the one before them) will be assigned one of the schedules.

No such division has yet been made, but the great industries of this country may well feel alarmed when they study the composition of the present democratic majority of the committee. Not a single manufacturer or the only interest that most of them have in the tariff lies in the undeveloped coal and iron lands in their various districts.

Mr. H. B. H. of Arkansas, for instance, to whom may be assigned the iron schedule or the textile schedule, has not a city or factory in all the country which he represents. Nevertheless these men will determine the import duties and the free list of the Wilson bill.

It is not improbable that Mr. Wilson, and perhaps Messrs. Breckinridge and McMillin, may present complete bills to the committee next week, like the Mills bill, and we will see whether the members of the reform club of New York, will be to again quote one of the members, "Torn up when we get word."

"Of course," he continued, "we will have opposition on our own side. We propose to abolish the bounty of sugar duty on duty to put a duty on sugar higher than the Mills bill did. That will evoke opposition from the sugar men, and so we expect opposition as we touch every other industry, but we will just work through and hold the house here until the bill is passed."

One reason why the Wilson bill will be so much more drastic than was the Mills bill is the concession by the members of the house committee that the bill will be materially amended in the senate. Most cuts will be made in the bill, deeper than the committee expects the senate to permit to remain, so that it is safe to assume that the tariff bill of 1894, as finally passed by both houses, will not be quite as inimical to American industries as will be the Wilson bill, which the house committee will report during October.

Wednesday's Games.

1st New York... 14
2nd New York... 14
3rd New York... 14
4th New York... 14
5th New York... 14
6th New York... 14
7th New York... 14
8th New York... 14
9th New York... 14
10th New York... 14

HOW THEY RANK.

1st New York... 14
2nd New York... 14
3rd New York... 14
4th New York... 14
5th New York... 14
6th New York... 14
7th New York... 14
8th New York... 14
9th New York... 14
10th New York... 14

Washington, Aug. 31.—The silver debate in the senate is the subject of physical endurance. This at least is the programme which the senators from the silver states announced. Mr. Teller, of Colorado, who has brought his winter clothes with him, and will wear them before unaccustomed repudiation of silver.

Col. Breckinridge Speaks.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Col. W. C. Breckinridge addressed the house Wednesday in a five-minute speech on the silver question. This is the first time he has opened his mouth in the house since the breach of promise suit was brought against him by Madej Polard.

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100-100 Business Address (several inserted with copy).

If answers fail to come the first time, we invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you desire. We wish the advertisers to feel that they are not imposing on us by using our free columns.

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WANTED—An active person of good character to travel with extra pay, representing established house, \$75, with increase; in close reference and well-satisfied stamped reply. Write: General Manager, Lock Drawer 7, Chicago, Ill.

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SENATOR SHERMAN.

The Sage of Mainville Pleds in Defense of the Silver Cause.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—After the routine morning business the bill for repeal of the Sherman act was taken up Wednesday morning. Mr. Sherman (rep. O.) proceeded to address the senate.

He held that if the repeal of the purchasing clause of the act of July, 1890, were the only reason for the withdrawal of the Sherman act, it would be insufficient. It would be insufficient if the existing financial stringency.

On one thing, he said, congress and the people agreed and that was that silver and gold should be continued in use as money. Monometallism, pure and simple, had never gained a foothold in the United States.

If silver was wanted cheap money and an advance in price, free coinage of silver was the way to do it; but they should not cut it itself.

Mr. Sherman then proceeded to discuss the history of the act that bears his name. He was not in favor of the free coinage of silver, and regarded it as a mistake. He was in favor of the bimetallic standard, and was only in favor of the purchase of silver for the purpose of coinage.

The coining of the two houses agreed upon their differences, and in that agreement secured the repeal of the Bland-Allison act.

Mr. Sherman reminded senators that when they criticized the law that was misnamed after him they should remember that the law was on the state books was far better than either the house bill or that passed by the senate.

The president had, Mr. Sherman said, set forth the decline in the value of silver, but had failed to give the causes of that decline. Had he taken a broad view of the cause of that decline he could have explained it all.

INDUSTRIAL ARMY.

A Memorial Presented to the Senate From Cleveland Laborers.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Senator Bruce laid before the senate a remarkable memorial. It was from the Central Labor Union of Cleveland, O., and urged legislation for the enlistment of the whole country into an "industrial army" to be officered by civil engineers and to be paid a minimum of not less than \$1 per day and found. The preamble sets forth that:

"Whereas, the unprecedented financial stringency and the consequent closing of shops, mills and mines, etc., have thrown hundreds of thousands of men out of employment, depriving them of support, and the illness is a menace to the peace of the community, and it is the policy of the government to aid the unemployed in the west owned by the government waiting for irrigation to become productive, and it is the policy of the government to enlist all of the unemployed who want work, make an army of them and send them out to provide irrigation for the west, and to pay an income tax of five thousand dollars and upward."

The memorial has been referred to the senate committee on education and labor.

THE PRESIDENT'S CONDITION.

Its Seriousness Now Fully Acknowledged—Several Senators Near the Secret of the Surgical Operation.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The acknowledgment by Dr. Haskrook that an operation had been performed upon President Cleveland has caused almost a sensation here and little else was the condition of President Cleveland's health was talked about Wednesday.

Now that the veil of secrecy has been removed, several of the president's most intimate friends in the senate re-remembered Wednesday morning that when the president was taken to the hospital, the president was taken to the hospital, the president was taken to the hospital.

He continually referred to his condition, and spoke of his illness in a manner that plainly showed it, and it alone was the cause of his anxiety. He was a man of great energy and vigor, and he was a man of great energy and vigor.

Brought His Winter Clothes.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The silver debate in the senate is the subject of physical endurance. This at least is the programme which the senators from the silver states announced. Mr. Teller, of Colorado, who has brought his winter clothes with him, and will wear them before unaccustomed repudiation of silver.

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